

QUARTERLY REPORT

RECM MONEY MARKET FUND - DECEMBER 2017

PORTFOLIO AND PERFORMANCE DETAIL

PERFORMANCE NET OF FEES AND EXPENSES

| | Annualised | | Cumulative | |
|-----------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|
| | Fund | STeFI | Fund | STeFI |
| 3 Months | 1.9% | 1.6% | 1.9% | 1.6% |
| 1 Year | 7.8% | 6.9% | 7.8% | 6.9% |
| 3 Years | 7.4% | 6.4% | 23.7% | 20.5% |
| 5 Years | 6.8% | 5.8% | 38.9% | 32.9% |
| Since inception | 6.4% | 5.7% | 57.0% | 49.1% |

- Returns in ZAR, on a lump sum investment, net of fees with net distributions reinvested. Source: RECM, Bloomberg.
 - Annualised returns are the weighted average compound growth rate earned each year over the given time period.
 - Individual Investor's performances may differ due to fees, actual investment date, dates of reinvestments and dividend withholding taxes.
- ¹ Highest/Lowest – reflects the Fund's highest and lowest 12 month performance reported during the given period.

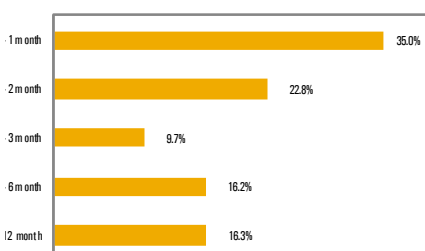
CREDIT EXPOSURE (%)

| | Dec 2017 | Sept 2017 |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Banks | 97.3 | 97.4 |
| Government & Parastatals | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 |

TOP COUNTERPARTIES (%)

| | Dec 2017 | Sept 2017 |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Investec | 28.6 | 28.1 |
| Nedbank | 25.5 | 27.8 |
| ABSA | 13.4 | 12.9 |
| HSBC | 9.9 | 11.1 |
| Standard Bank | 9.9 | 7.9 |
| Firstrand Bank | 4.9 | 6.7 |
| China Construction Bank | 5.1 | 3.0 |
| National Treasury | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 |

DURATION BREAKDOWN (%) - DECEMBER 2017



PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The RECM Money Market Fund returned 1.9% for the quarter, outperforming its benchmark, the Short Term Fixed Interest (STeFI) Daily Call Rate, which returned 1.6%. The Fund's total return for the year to 30 September 2017, net of fees, was 7.8%. Since inception in 2010, the Fund has comfortably outperformed the STeFI call rate with a return of 6.4% per annum versus the benchmark's annual return of 5.7% over the same period.

PORTFOLIO STRATEGY & ACTIVITY

During the last quarter of 2017, money markets initially experienced increasing levels of anxiety, as fears about the outcome of the ANC elective conference led to expectations of a blow-out in the currency, which could lead to higher inflation. 1-year rates increased by more than 0.8% over a short space of time, and even the shorter end of the curve ticked up. From mid-November however, investors changed their opinion, and after the conference most of the "fear premium" was removed from the market, with rates closing the year at levels very similar to the end of the third quarter.

The difference between 1-year rates and overnight rates are currently in line with long term averages. Despite a lot of commentary in the media about the credit rating of the South African government, we don't see any evidence in markets that investors are pricing in a credit risk premium. Money market investors seem more concerned about short term inflation and currency movements.

During the last half of the year, we found some opportunities to buy short-dated government paper at rates that were well in excess of the local banks, which is beneficial to both liquidity and the yield of the fund.

The fund is positioned with a preference for longer-dated investments over short-dated investments, with a preference for fixed-rate instruments over floating-rate instruments.

RECM MONEY MARKET FUND

Quarterly Commentary - Period ended 31 December 2017

RECM

PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| Portfolio Manager | Piet Viljoen | Min. Investment | R150,000 initial investment |
| ASISA Sector | South Africa Interest Bearing Money Market | Initial Fee | No initial fee |
| Fund Launch Date | 15 February 2010 | Annual Fee | 0.15% (excl. VAT) |
| Inception Date (Class A) | 1 October 2010 | Intermediary Fee | 0.0% (excl. VAT) |
| Total Fund Size | R727.8 million | Total Expense Ratio | 0.2% for the 1 year period ending 30 September 2017 |
| Fund Size (Class A) | R711.8 million | Income Distributions | Monthly distributions are paid |
| Benchmark (Bmk) | STeFI Call Rate | Value of Distributions | 7.50 cents per participatory unit over the past 12 months |

Risks associated with investing in the Fund

All investments carry risk. Different investment strategies may carry different levels and kinds of risks depending on the assets held. You should consider the risks listed below in the context of your risk profile, which includes factors such as your investment timeframe, objectives and tolerance for performance volatility, income and age. We do not offer advice, nor does the Fund's investment strategy consider your individual circumstances and we cannot advise that the Fund is suitable for your circumstance.

The Manager does not guarantee the Fund's returns, its liquidity, and repayment of capital, interest nor a rate of return. Assets that are expected to provide the highest long-term returns often have the highest short-term risk. The Funds' investment strategy and the assets it invests in, will determine the Fund's sensitivity to these risk factors.

You should obtain financial advice to determine whether the Fund is suitable for your circumstances before investing in the Fund.

Total Return

Investors' total returns are made up of interest received and any gain or loss made on any particular instrument; and that in most cases the return will merely have the effect of increasing or decreasing the daily yield, but in cases of abnormal losses it can have the effect of reducing the capital value of the portfolio.

Yield Calculation

The Fund's yield quoted on an annual effective rate (NACA) basis. The NACA is the effective interest rate an investor can expect to earn over a 12 month period based on the nominal yield of the fund at a point in time. The nominal yield is simply the net interest accrual of all the instruments in the fund divided by the number of units in the fund (the fund NAV). The quoted NACA is always higher than the nominal yield because the calculation is based on an investor re-investing the monthly income distribution back into the fund at the nominal yield. (i.e. The NACA is the compounded annual 12-month rate).

Interest Rate Risk

This is the possibility that fixed-rate debt instruments may decline in value as a result of a rise in interest rates.

Credit Risk

Refers to the possibility that a fixed income instrument or money market issuer may not be able to make expected interest payments and/or principal repayment.

Liquidity Risk

Refers to the possibility that an investor may not be able to invest or disinvest when they want to. This may occur during a period of adverse market trading conditions where the manager may not be able to buy or sell the Fund's investments because opportunities to do so are limited.

Social/Political/Legislative Risk

Risks associated with the possibility of nationalisation, unfavourable government action or social changes resulting in a loss of value is called social or political risk which may affect the Fund.

Inflation Risk

The Fund may invest in cash and other fixed income instruments that do not generate sufficient income and capital gains to outperform inflation.

Key Person Risk

The Fund depends on the expertise of RECM and its investment team. The Fund could be negatively impacted if RECM does not retain key staff.

Third Party Operational Risk

The Fund's operations depend on third parties. Investors in the Fund may suffer financial loss or disruption in the event of third party operational failure.

Fees

An annual management fee of 0.15%, excluding VAT is levied monthly on the market value of the RECM Money Market Fund (Class A).

**Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs

The TER reflects the percentage of this Fund's Net Asset Value that was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of this Fund, including the annual fee and the performance fee and intermediary fee if applicable. A Higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering this Fund and impacts this Fund's returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. The TER and Transaction costs are a measure of the actual expenses incurred by this Fund over a 3 year period (annualised). If this Fund is between 1 and 3 years old, the TER and Transaction Costs are calculated using the actual expenses incurred since the inception of this Fund. The sum of the TER and Transactions Costs is shown as the Total Investment Charge; these costs all being VAT inclusive.

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Disclosures: Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium-to long-term investments. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of the Fund. The value of participatory interests (units) may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio where insufficient liquidity exists. Forward pricing is used. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of any underlying international investments to go up and down. These portfolios may be closed. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (Brokerage, STT, VAT, Auditor's fees, Bank Charges, Trustee and Custodian fees and the annual Management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the management company. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. These portfolios may be closed. Different classes of units may apply in a portfolio and are subject to different fees and charges.