

# PRESCIENT RECM GLOBAL FEEDER FUND (Class D)

Period ended 31 December 2014

# RECM

The Prescient RECM Global Feeder Fund is a Rand denominated fund that provides local investors with access to the RECM Global Fund. The RECM Global Fund is a US dollar denominated global fund that may invest in a wide array of assets without any restrictions. The Fund's aim is to generate returns significantly greater than US inflation and commensurate with equities over the long term. The fund invests mainly in large global companies at a significant discount to intrinsic value, while using the flexibility of the mandate to protect capital and enhance returns by investing in other mispriced global assets from time to time. We consider risk as the possibility of losing money, not in terms of volatility. Our main risk management tool is our investment philosophy. As value investors, we aim to buy and hold good quality companies and do so with a margin of safety. Our ability to move between asset classes assists in reducing the risk in the fund.

Portfolio Managers	Daniel Malan, Wilhelm Hertzog, Paul Whitburn
ASISA Sector	Global Multi Asset Flexible
Inception Date (Class D)	24 July 2014
Total Fund Size	R37.0 million
Fund Size (Class D)	R15.7 million
Master Fund Size (RECM Global Fund)	US \$567.4 million
Benchmark	US CPI + 6% p.a. measured in ZAR

Min. Investment	R10,000 initial investment
Initial Fee	No initial fee
Annual Fee	0.15% annual fee (excl. VAT)
Total Expense Ratio	TBA (includes the RECM Global Fund fee)
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Income Declarations	None

## PORTFOLIO DETAIL

### FUND RISK PROFILE

LOW	LOW-MODERATE	MODERATE	MODERATE-HIGH	HIGH
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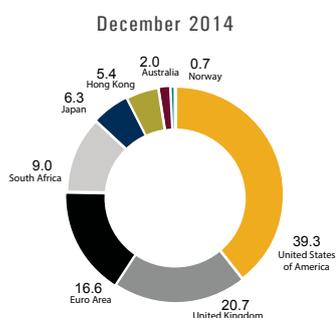
### TOP TEN HOLDINGS (%)

December 2014	
Tesco Plc	5.6
Ichirizuka Master Fund	5.5
BP Plc	4.6
Anglo Platinum Ltd	4.5
Anglo American Plc	4.5
Arcelormittal	4.4
Inpex Corp	4.0
Wm Morrison Supermarkets Plc	3.9
Ultra Petroleum Corp	3.4
Impala Platinum Holdings Ltd	3.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>43.8</b>

### ASSET ALLOCATION (%)

December 2014	
Offshore Equity	64.5
Offshore Cash	25.8
SA Equity	8.5
Offshore Property	0.7
SA Cash	0.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### GEOGRAPHICAL ALLOCATION (%)



## PERFORMANCE NET OF ALL FEES AND EXPENSES

This Fund Class was launched on 24 July 2014. The performance history is provided as monthly returns, compared to those of the benchmark, until the first year of the Fund's life.

### MONTHLY RETURNS

Month	Fund	Benchmark
Aug '14	-0.6%	0.4%
Sep '14	1.6%	6.4%
Oct '14	-4.8%	-2.0%
Nov '14	-1.0%	0.7%
Dec '14	-0.9%	4.3%
Since Inception	-5.7%	9.9%

• Returns are in ZAR net of fees. Source: RECM Analyst, Bloomberg.

### INVESTMENT COMMENT

Resources and other cyclical businesses feature strongly in our portfolio given these are the businesses out of favour, going through difficult times and thus trading at very low prices relative to what they are worth. Investors often ask us when the share prices, assuming we are correct about them being too low, will go up. Unfortunately we have no crystal ball which allows us to know this precise timing – and this is because prices are often, especially over the short term, driven by sentiment rather than rational logic. As investors, we can only position ourselves given the mispricing we have identified and then wait patiently for the market to recognise and correct this. One of our investment ideas in the resources sector was to purchase a company called Alumina in the aluminium sector. Alumina owns some of the world's best bauxite reserves – the raw material that is ultimately processed into aluminium. The aluminium price has been depressed because of lower global demand for the metal, overcapacity in the industry and high inventory levels built up during the global recession. Using the equilibrium price for aluminium, or the price at which most producers are making economic returns, we calculated that the fair value for Alumina was substantially higher than the price at the time. The same situation exists for platinum producers today, which is why we are invested in platinum stocks. However, in contrast to platinum share prices which remain low, Alumina's share price is up close to 50% since we invested in early 2014. As such, we have lightened our exposure to Alumina over the past month.

Tel: +27 21 657 3440

Fax: +27 21 674 1088

Email: [info@recm.co.za](mailto:info@recm.co.za)

Website: [www.recm.co.za](http://www.recm.co.za)

**Disclaimer:** Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium-to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS are traded at the ruling price and can engage scrip lending and borrowing up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from Prescient Management Company Ltd. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. Different classes of units may apply in a portfolio and are subject to different fees and charges. A fund of funds is a portfolio that invests in portfolios of collective investment schemes, which levy their own charges, which could result in a higher fee structure for these portfolios. A Feeder Fund is a portfolio that, apart from assets in liquid form, consists solely of participatory interests in a single portfolio of a collective investment scheme. Forward pricing is used. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of any underlying international investments to go up and down. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (Brokerage, STI, VAT, Auditor's fees, Bank Charges, Trustee and Custodian fees and the annual Management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase-in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year.

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